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GRAYLING

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O. PALMER,

JUSTICE AND RIGHT.

PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR

VOL. V.

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1884.

NO. 41.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

MRS. T. W. MITCHELL
Milliner and Dress-maker,
GRAYLING, MICH.A. E. NEWMAN,
COUNTY SURVEYOR,
GRAYLING, MICH.

Pine timber lands looked after, correct estimates given. Traspasses estimated and collected. Surveying done in all its branches.

MAIN J. CONNINE,
ATTORNEY at LAW,
GRAYLING, MICH.W. A. MASTERS—NOTARY PUBLIC—Con-
tract, Mortgag, etc. etc.A. H. SWARTHOUT,
Counselor and Solicitor

REAL ESTATE AND INS. AGENT.

Special facilities for making col-
lections in any part of the Union.

Conveyancing a Specialty.

GRAYLING, MICH.

E. PURCHASE,
Proprietor of

CITY LIVERY STABLE.

First-class rigs to let at all hours at reasonable prices. Bus to and from Portage Lake every Sabbath, leaving the Grayling House at 5 a. m. and 2 p. m., returning 12 m. and 6 p. m.

T. L. DEAN,
Notary Public,
FREDERICVILLE, MICH.General conveyancing, deeds, mort-
gages, contracts, etc., promptly attend-
ed to. Office at residence.Gold for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you a free a royal, valuable box of sample goods that will put you in a way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you—You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to \$5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unpar-
alleled offer to all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success absolutely sure. Don't delay, start now. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

Agents wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest, and best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Anyone can become a successful agent. Terms free. Hallett Book Co., Portland, Maine.

OH! MY BACK!

DR. HILL'S
ENGLISH BUCHU
is One of the Best

Kidney

INVESTIGATORS IN USE.

The largest and best collection of the most interesting and valuable books on the market. The largest and best collection of the most interesting and valuable books on the market.

PRICE, \$1.50. Postage 25c.

Order from JOHNSTON & CO.,

GRAYLING, MICH.

REAL ESTATE

Desirable Houses and Lots in Grayling
for Sale. Also some Good Lands.

INSURANCE

Beth Fire and Life Insurance, 111 million
Capital represented. The best Life In-
surance at the Lowest Rates. Come and
get my rates.

MAIN J. CONNINE,

ATTY AT LAW, GRAYLING, MICH.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—SPE-
CIAL SESSION.

MORNING SESSION, JAN. 17, 1884.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

J. J. Coventry in the chair.

Roll called, quorum present.

The motion made by Sup. Johnson

at yesterday's session and not disposed
of, was voted upon by ayes and nays,

resulting in the adoption of the motion

as follows:

Sup. Dilley, Connine, James, John-

son and Revell voted aye, Sups. Cov-

entry and Woodburn voted nay.

Moved by Sup. Woodburn that we

now adjourn.

Motion lost.

Sup. James gave notice that he

would to-morrow at 11 o'clock move

for a final adjournment.

Sup. Johnson, asked to be excused

from the special committee to which

he was appointed on account of sick-

ness.

Whereupon, on motion of Sup. Con-

nline, he was excused and Sup. Wood-

burn appointed in his stead.

Moved by Sup. Connine that we adjourn until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Motion prevailed.

The committee on claims and ac-

counts submitted the following report,

which, on motion of Sup. Johnson,

was accepted and adopted.

To the Board of Supervisors of Gray-

ford County.

GENTLEMEN: Your committee on

claims and accounts to whom was re-
ferred the following claims would re-
spectfully report the same as follows:

Name. Purpose. Date. A/c'd.

M. J. CONNINE, For the Board of Super-
visors. 1/12 1/12 1/12M. J. CONNINE, For the Board of Super-
visors. 1/12 1/12 1/12S. H. JAMES, For the Board of Super-
visors. 1/12 1/12 1/12W. H. WOODBURN, For the Board of Super-
visors. 1/12 1/12 1/12J. J. COVENTRY, For the Board of Super-
visors. 1/12 1/12 1/12M. J. CONNINE, For the Board of Super-
visors. 1/12 1/12 1/12M. S. DILLEY, For the Board of Super-
visors. 1/12 1/12 1/12

Committee.

Moved by Sup. James that the clerk

be authorized to purchase a contingent

order-book.

Motion prevailed.

Moved by Sup. James that we sus-
pend the rules and take up the order

of reports of standing committees:

Motion prevailed.

The following reply from the pre-

siding attorney was, on motion of

Sup. Connine, accepted and ordered

placed on the journal:

GRAYLING, Jan. 14, 1884.

Board of Supervisors:

GENTLEMEN: In accordance with

your resolution asking me to report the

amount of fines unpaid, I am informed

that all are paid except \$15 in the

hands of H. J. Kilborn.

Respectfully,

A. H. SWARTHOUT.

GRAYLING, Jan. 15, 1884.

Board of Supervisors:

The following resolution of the

Board was adopted by the board, ask-

ing for advice in the case of the aban-

doned child, Lotte Blakesley, recd.

Compiled Laws, page 1,491, sections

5 and 6, as amended by Act 150

of session laws of 1875, covers the

case, I think. If the present place of

residence of the parents of the child

are known or can be found, it may be

best to institute criminal proceedings

against them unless they will main-

tain their child. From what I have heard

of the case, the child was left with cer-

tain persons who were paid for caring

for it for several weeks, then the pa-

rents went north, probably into the

upper peninsula, to work in the woods,

promising to send the money down

each month to pay for its care. As

the money did not come the first month

the child was thrown upon the county

and the superintendents of the poor

have been looking into the matter.

Who can say the money was not sent

and by some means miscarried, or that

they are not sending it now, as agreed?

Perhaps these parents believe their

child is being properly supported and

they are being paid for it. I don't believe

the matter has been thoroughly investi-

gated, and until it has been to the

satisfaction of the board, it would be

unwise to take any action that would

work to the child's or parents disad-

vantage in the future should it be

shown they were innocent of any in-

tent to abandon the child. The super-

intendents of the poor are the proper

persons to investigate the matter.

Yours Respectfully,

A. H. SWARTHOUT,

Pro. Attorney.

The following resolution was pres-

ented and, on motion of Sup. Revell, was

adopted:

Resolved, That the prosecuting at-

torney be requested to report to the

county treasurer the names of all the

justice who may be delinquent in the

matter of fines collected, and that the

county treasurer be instructed to forth-

with begin proceedings to collect the

same.

M. J. CONNINE.

On motion of Sup. James the board

adjourned until to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

MORNING SESSION, JAN. 18, 1884.

The board met pursuant to adjourn-

ment.

J. J. Coventry in the chair.

Roll called, quorum present.

Minutes of yesterday's session read and approved.

All bills read as standing rule were

referred to the committee on claims and accounts.

In these 66 counties there were 708

saloons prior to May 1, 1881, the date

that the prohibitory law took effect.

There are now, in the same territory,

313 saloons—180, or over half of which

are in Leavenworth, leaving but 153 saloons in the 66 counties, not including Leavenworth. Prohibition, in less than two years,

HAS CLOSED 305 SALOONS.

During this time the population has increased 12 per cent. If our saloons had kept pace with the population we would now have 792 saloons, so that in reality prohibition has prohibited 479 saloons in the territory named.

Prior to May 1, 1881, there were saloons in every one of these 66 counties.

EPITOME OF THE WEEK.

Interesting News Compilation.

XLVIIth Congress.

TUESDAY, Jan. 29.—Mr. Sherman's resolution for a full investigation of the cause of the recent election troubles in Virginia and Mississippi was passed in the Senate by a vote of 33 to 29. Bills were introduced to repeal the Timber Culture act, and to establish the Territory of North Dakota. The House resolution for aid to destitute Indians at the Crow reservation was adopted, the amount being raised to \$100,000. A House bill was passed appropriating \$3,700,000 to pay rebate on tobacco. In the House a resolution was passed appointing a special committee of five members to investigate the charge made by ex-Speaker Keifer that H. V. Boynton, a correspondent, attempted to corrupt members to influence his action on the McGarragh claim. Bills were introduced to prevent the adulteration of sugar, to bridge the Mississippi at St. Paul, to prevent the intermarriage of whites and negroes in the District of Columbia, and to secure the stability of the paper currency.

Wednesday, Jan. 30.—In the Senate petitions were presented, signed by several thousand citizens of the Territories of Washington, Dakota and Idaho, and of the District of Columbia, asking for a Prohibition Liquor law. After some debate on the question of volunteers for the Greely relief expedition, the Senate adjourned to attend the funeral of Representative Mackay. In the House bills were reported to establish a Bureau of Animal Industry, to make postage on second-class matter two cents per pound, and to provide that no Territory shall apply for admission as a State until it has sufficient population to entitle it to representation in Congress. The obituaries of Hon. E. W. Mackay were conducted by Rev. Drs. Hendley and Shippen.

THURSDAY, Jan. 31.—In the Senate a large number of petitions were received for a Prohibition Liquor law, for the Territories and the District of Columbia. Bills were introduced to pay employees of the Government the wages withheld in violation of the eight-hour law, and to relieve commercial travelers from license taxes. Adjudged to February 4. In the House the bill for the relief of Fitz John Porter was passed by a vote of 184 to 75. A bill was introduced to prohibit the removal of House employees during vacation, except for cause. Conference committees were appointed on the special Indian appropriation and the Greely relief scheme.

From Washington.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON on the 29th, through the influence of Postmaster-General Griswold and Senator Voorhees, issued a pardon to Oscar Goodwin, who embezzled \$15,000 while cashier of the Logansport National Bank, and was sentenced to the Indiana Penitentiary for five years.

Exporters of merchandise from the United States for the past year were \$6,071,604 greater in value than the imports.

Up to the 31st ult. fourteen hundred of five thousand bills introduced in the House of Representatives were for pensions.

The United States Government has purchased the steaming steamer Bear, at St. Johns, N. F., to be used in the search for the Greely expedition.

Throughout the United States and Canada the business failures during the seven days ended on the 31st, numbered 102, against 113 the previous week. The distribution was as follows: New England, 12; States, 38; Middle, 70; Western, 12; Southern, 6; Pacific States and Territories, 12; Canada and the Provinces, 27.

Electors were sent to the United States on the 1st by the Chief of Police of Budapest, Hungary, offering rewards for the detection of the men who recently stole from the post-office steps an iron chest containing 240,000 florins.

The public debt statement for January is as follows: Total debt (including interest), \$1,570,488,352. Cash in Treasury, \$329,411,331. Debt less amount in Treasury, \$1,248,719. Decrease during the month, \$11,635,002. Decrease since June 30, 1882, \$63,917,487.

The East.

In the New York Assembly a bill was introduced on the 29th declaring void all contracts for the transfer of stock unless the seller is in actual possession of the certificates.

An explosion and fire a few days ago in a three-story building at Rome, N. Y., caused the death of Samuel and Joseph Alexander, and the destruction of the structure.

Forty-five men, who were cutting one hundred cords of wood daily on Government land near Fort Lincoln, were captured by detachment of the 13th infantry on the 31st ult. and imprisoned at the fort.

A LANCER in Cincinnati named Patrick Hartnett, who had long been regarded as insane, killed his wife a few days ago with an ax and endeavored to hide the body under the floor. When the patrol wagon arrived he defied the police, and they were compelled to pin him to the wall with a scimitar before he would surrender himself.

EDWARD P. FUNSTON has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Second District of Kansas to succeed the late D. C. Haskell.

It was announced on the 31st ult. that Colonel John G. Casey had absconded from Bedford County, Va., of which he was treasurer, leaving \$60,000 indebtedness for his bondmen to pay.

A loss of \$70,000 was incurred a few days ago at Ferguson Falls, Minn., by the bursting of a warehouse containing 40,000 bushels of wheat.

The Texas Legislature has passed a bill appropriating \$50,000 for the use of the Governor to employ detectives and rangers in the suppression of fence-cutting.

DETROIT, a reconnaissance on the 2d by Baker Pasha from Tripoli, Egypt, El-Mahdi supporters fled and were pursued by cavalry. Hundreds of the rebels were killed.

WILLIAM BRADSHAW, a wealthy farmer living near Albany, Ulster County, N. Y., was murdered near his home on the 2d.

THE execution of J. C. P. Collins took place on the 1st at Nevada City for robbing a stage in 1870, and killing and robbing a banker, named W. F. Cummings, of seven thousand dollars. Simon Bonner was hanged at Port Gibson, Miss., for the murder of James Reagin.

THE arrest is announced of E. E. Johnson, agent of the Northern Pacific Road at Alsworth, for embezzeling a package containing \$18,000.

Mrs. GEORGE A. FISHER, who was named to originate the observance of Decoration Day by strewing flowers on the soldier's graves at Arlington Heights during the war, died at Des Moines, Ia., on the 1st.

Errors on the 1st stated that the extreme cold weather in South Carolina had

caused the bridge at the fort, damaged by a fire, to collapse, and killed eleven men, including the engineer.

THE B. H. LUNER was found to death in his home at Washington, D. C., a few hours ago, and thirty cattle and all the contents of the building were consumed.

It has been discovered that B. H. Luner, of New Orleans, a post-office inspector, who recently fled to South America, defrauded several Southern postmasters of considerable sums on the pretense of needing it to keep up and prosecute criminals.

THE Denver & Rio Grande round-trip and six locomotives were burned recently at Leadville, and a stable and a livery-stable at Pueblo were consumed by fire.

It is reported by Marquis de Mores that a new disease among sheep prevails on the Montana range, which has carried off six thousand head of merinos sent from Iowa and Wisconsin.

The stores of R. A. Ward, W. S. Lay and J. H. Redmond, at Searcy, Ark., were destroyed by a recent fire, causing a loss of \$200,000.

LAST summer Thomas Salmon, a liquor-seller at Woburn, Mass., was sentenced to jail for violation of the Temperance law. While an appeal was being heard, he was elected to the Legislature. The Supreme Court on the 1st decided that he must serve out his term in prison.

THE death of H. E. Packer, President of the Lehigh Valley Road, occurred at Mauch Chunk, Pa., on the 1st, aged thirty-three years.

West and South.

A GANG of fifteen burglars was captured by the police of Cleveland, O., on the 29th and a large amount of stolen property was recovered.

AFTER investigating the recent election shooting affray, in which three men were killed, the New Orleans Grand Jury on the 29th brought in three bills for murder, four for assault and willful shooting, two for assault and battery and one for carrying concealed weapons.

A PASSENGER train was wrecked by a bowlder which rolled from the mountain near Chattanooga, Tenn., a few days ago. Mr. Frank Evans, and his two children, aged respectively two years and four months, and the two-year-old son of Mrs. Highland, nine persons were also demolished.

THE FEDERALISTS of Ohio will hold a State Convention at Columbus on the 6th of March to nominate State officers and choose delegates to the National Convention.

AN employee in the post-office at Detroit, named Comer, confessed on the 29th that he had rifled three thousand letters during the past six months, his object being to secure money enough to marry his sweetheart.

IN Scotland the recent gale blew down 900,000 trees within a radius of ten miles about Ayr.

ON the Welsh coast the other night the steamer Rhylwabon was wrecked and eleven persons perished.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA advises of the 30th ult. were to the effect that the surplus of wheat for export would be 15,000,000 bushels. A Cincinnati journal estimated the supply of wheat in the United States at 15,000,000 bushels, with 33,000,000 more on hand.

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The Auditorium.

W. F. FALCONER, Author and Proprietor.

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

LOGIC.

Mr. Reciprocate Your's.
My dear, be sensible. Upon my word,
This dear woman even if she were,
Her heart is not a hundred pounds, I know,
It's not worth loving." — "But I love him."

Her Mother's.

You silly child, he is well made and tall;
But looks are for being all in all,
He is poor, he is low, his family is low,
He is not worth loving." — "And I love him."

Her Eternal Friend's.

He that is plumb, is plumb; the fated post,
My dear, is such a very, very man;
You must be certain, yet, to answer "No,"
He's not worth loving." — "And I love him."

Her Brother's.

Dr. Jewel was a girl — through horrid happenings,
I wouldn't have a mile — through water-chap;
The man has not a single soul, his family is low,
He is not worth loving." — "And I love him."

Her Own.

And were he every thing to which I've listened,
Though he were very, very awkward (and he isn't),
Poor, lowly-born, and destitute of "go,"
He is worth loving, for I love him." — "Chamber's Journal."

A CAR-DRIVER'S ROMANCE.

How He Won the Heart of an Albany Belle
and Became a Popular Preacher.

Many years ago a freckle-faced, red-haired, round-shouldered Vermont boy, between years old, was employed as a driver on a horse-car in Albany. Living not far from the corner of State and Eagle streets was a sixteen-year-old, bewitching maiden, who was one of his passengers almost daily.

We will call her Louise Robbins. This driver, whom we will name Henry Martin, in order to conceal his identity, though far from possessing in appearance, had as tender a heart, as his rough exterior, and far more genuine manliness than the majority of the city swells who paraded State street, then just as the dude does to day.

But Miss Louise thought the young car-driver the most awkward and un-couth specimen of man flesh she had ever set her soft, laughing black eyes upon. She drew his portrait and presented it to a lady friend, and is still in the Red Rose, on the Henry Martin's Foster.

Many were the jibes she and her associates perpetrated on poor, inoffensive Henry Martin, and he was not so stupid as not to know it. Yet, as natural as it may seem the more she ridiculed him the fonder he grew of Miss Louise, for the awkward young woman fully realized the great gulf between their social stations, could not help worshiping the ground she trod on.

He knew how preposterous it was for a car-driver to cherish affection for the daughter of so wealthy an Albanian, yet her image was ever before him, though he struggled hard to destroy his mad love. He ascertained her name, by watching the store packages sent to her house, and an old diary still in his possession shows the name of Louise Robbins on every page.

His letters to his widowed mother in Vermont at that time were filled with glowing descriptions of a dark-eyed school-girl whom he thought the prettiest and dearest lady in all the land — and to that mother, the only person in the world who knew the value of his noble heart, he told the story of his silent worship of Miss Louise. Sensible mother that she was, she warned him of his folly, which must end only in bitter disappointment.

At last there came a day when Louise was his only passenger. With a tempest in his soul and tears streaming down his face, he stammered out the declaration that she was an angel; that he knew her no right to talk to her so — but oh, Miss Robbins, if you know how I love you, you would not blame me, for I can't help it." Louise did not scream or get frightened; she only laughed in his face, and said: "You get back to that horse or he will run away and kill us both, and don't you dare not like a fool again." Notwithstanding Louise was still in her teens, she had listened several times to the tearful entreaties of fashionable young and old men who not only knew that she was a fascinating creature, but were sure aware that she was the only daughter of a very wealthy gentleman. She had told all that they were very kind and she would always be their dear friend, sister, cousin, or anything but their wife. But poor Henry, with his fiery head, weather-beaten face, big hands, red and chapped, did not quite fall in touching a tender place in her heart, and when she had gone to bed that night, though she laughed almost hysterically when she thought of the car-driver's ludicrous performance, there came the conviction, here is a genuine man, the only one of my admirers who means what he says, and for the first time she pitied man. Then she grew angry with him for his audacity, called her father to her and told him of the incident, but when the angry father said he would have him discharged and fired out of town the next day she pleaded that he was a poor, simple fellow, and that he did not mean to do anything wrong. But the father was obstinate, and the following day Henry was not surprised when he was not only discharged by the company, but was ordered to leave the city. The newspapers stated that the "clear-eyed, red-headed ruffian, Henry Martin, had made indecent proposals to an unprotected young passenger in a horse-car, and that he deserved to be lynched." At night he crept near the abode of Louise, that he might possibly have one more glimpse of her, when a policeman arrested him as a suspicious character, and he was taken to the lock-up. While there a messenger brought a tiny envelope containing a little bunch of flowers, forget-me-nots, and a half sheet of paper, on which were these words: "I know you mean no harm. I don't love you, and I don't love any man. Please go away and not come back for me." — "L. R."

To most young men this would not have been a very cheering letter, but to Henry it seemed the very gate of Heaven.

Next day he was liberated on the promise that he would leave the city. It had taken all of the earnings to support his mother, who was an invalid. The street railroad owed him only five dollars, which was all the money he had in the world. With four dollars of it he bought a concert on a piece of brown paper, were these words: "I shall return ten years from yesterday. My hair may change, but my heart never. I shall think of you every hour, and pray for you each night. Farewell." He found a man who was shipping a blooded horse to Chicago, and said, "Take care of the animal. Henry was allowed free passage to that city. When he arrived in Chicago he had only ten cents left. He spent five cents in a stamp and stationery and wrote to his mother. There was no despondency in that letter. He got a job in a livery stable that day at good wages.

From the beginning of his life he was persecuted by being an orator. He was a member of the Anti-Slavery Society, and he was persecuted for lack of sympathy just as he was coming down with brain fever. He was sent to the city hospital, where for two weeks he was delirious. His attendant noticed a strong cord about his neck, to which was attached a pewter locket, in which was a bunch of dried forget-me-nots. He was a mere shadow of his former self when he regained consciousness. A kind-hearted clergyman became an interested and frequent visitor to him, loaned him books to read and when he became strong enough took Henry to his home. The red hair of Henry all came out, and when it grew again it was a dark auburn color, and the freckles were returned.

The clergyman needed a man about the garden and to care for his horse, and gave Henry the situation at good wages. I must be brief in this romance from real life. In less than two years Henry Martin, thanks to the benevolent clergyman, was in Harvard College. In six years from the time he left Albany he was a minister of the Gospel.

At the end of eight years he was the pastor of a fashionable church in Chicago at a salary of \$5,000 a year, and he had \$6,000 to his credit, in the bank. Nine years and eleven months from the time he left Albany he started on his annual vacation. As he kissed his white-haired mother good-bye, he said: "The ten years are nearly gone, I can surely find her, and will telegraph to you the result. God help me." Two years after Henry had left Albany there came a great financial panic and Louise Robbins' father became a bankrupt.

Almost penniless, he and his daughter removed to New York, where he became a book-keeper for a gentleman whom he once employed in his store in Albany. The father and daughter lived in a modest way in an up-town flat.

Mr. Robbins never reproached Louise for anything, except that she was such a recluse from society and would allow no attention from any gentleman. He could see beauty in an old, dried bouquet which Louise always kept in her room, which she brought with her from Albany. He sometimes had fears lest she was losing her mind, for in her sleep she was continually muttering something that sounded like Henry Martin. One day he said to her: "Who is Henry Martin? I never knew any Henry Martin, except the vagabond who insulted you in an Albany horse-car." Louise turned pale, but made no reply.

Can the reader guess why, as the ten years had nearly passed since she wrote that note to the car-driver, she appeared absent-minded, was startled by any noise; that she took extra pains in clipping her hair and making herself as attractive as possible.

She had not had one word from Henry Martin since he left Albany, and did not know whether he was dead or alive. She had frequently read notices of the talented young preacher of the same name who had created such a furor in Chicago, but she never misinterpreted that he was the one whose return she longed and prayed for. One afternoon there came a knock at her door, which she answered, and ushered him into their little parlor as he inquired for her father, who would be in shortly. Louise is startled by something in this arrangement which reminds her of Henry Martin.

She almost stares at him to see if it is possible that he is a relative of the car-driver. No, she says to herself, it can not be. What a magnificent bearing this gentleman has. Is this the picture of death? His dark auburn hair is brushed back from a high, classical forehead. He is tall and thin, but is very erect, and has square shoulders. His voice is deep and mellow, and though his eyes are piercing there is an expression on his face as tender as a woman's. In a calm, dignified way, the stranger inquired: "Did you ever know a car-driver by the name of Henry Martin?" Before she could answer the tears, involuntarily filled her eyes.

With trembling voice he interrupts her and says: "It is now four o'clock; ten years ago at this very hour Henry Martin received a very precious note. Are you willing to receive me to-day, or —" Before he can finish the sentence she has her arms about his neck, and says: "I knew you would return to me."

When Rev. Dr. Martin returned from his vacation he brought his wife with him, and to-day, in a city still further West, where he is the leading clergyman, he shows me a pretty locket containing some dried flowers, which he says were forget-me-nots, and introduces me to his wife, one of the loveliest ladies I have ever seen — Albany Journal.

Didn't Steal.

"Gentlemen," said an Arkansaw Colonel as he stood under the limb of a tree from which depended a rope, "will protest my innocence. I did not steal this mule. I am above thief; I know that you all have the interest of the community at heart, and I do not blame you; but there are times when we are liable to be too rash. If I had stolen the mule my guilt would oppress me until I would beg to be put out of the world in the most summary way."

"The mule was found in your possession," said the leader of the mob.

"Very true, my dear sir."

"Did he jump into your lot?"

"No, sir; I conducted him to the confines of my premises."

"Did you buy the animal?"

"No, sir."

"Did you trade for him?"

"I don't."

"Then you stole him. Let down the rope boys."

"Gentlemen, I hope you will give me a chance to explain! The mule in question was the property of our distinguished fellow-citizen, Major Rugglesbury. Some time ago the Major and I exchanged a few words of an uncomplimentary nature. I intimated that the Major's blood would be highly satisfactory to me, and the Major said that my go would please him mighty well. We separated, thoroughly agreeing with each other. The next day the Major and I met. I got what is vulgarly called the drop on him, and roared him off the top of his head. He was riding a mule at the time, and when he fell off I saw that he no longer had any practical use for the animal. So I took charge of him. Now, if I had dismounted in the way he did I should have interposed no objection to the Major's taking my horse."

"I hope, sir, that you will excuse us," replied the leader of the mob. "We thought that you stole the mule. Your explanation is most satisfactory, and I hope you'll excuse us. Let's not get into a difficulty."

A gallant Democrat from Konakay introduced a bill in the House a day or

from the beginning of his life he was persecuted by being an orator. He was a member of the Anti-Slavery Society, and he was persecuted for lack of sympathy just as he was coming down with brain fever. He was sent to the city hospital, where for two weeks he was delirious. His attendant noticed a strong cord about his neck, to which was attached a pewter locket, in which was a bunch of dried forget-me-nots. He was a mere shadow of his former self when he regained consciousness. A kind-hearted clergyman became an interested and frequent visitor to him, loaned him books to read and when he became strong enough took Henry to his home. The red hair of Henry all came out, and when it grew again it was a dark auburn color, and the freckles were returned.

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THE AVALANCHE.

O. PALMER, Editor and Proprietor

Entered at the Post Office at Grayling,
Mich., as second-class matter.

THURSDAY, Feb. 7, 1884.

LOCAL ITEMS.

SALLING, HANSON & CO.'S
PRICE LIST.

[Corre cited Weekly.]

Data No. 2 white, per bushel, 45 cents.

May, No. 1 smooth, per ton, \$15.25.

Steam cooked feed, per ton, 39.00.

Barley, per bushel, 23.00.

May flour, roller patent, per barrel, 7.50.

Extra flour, roller mills, per barrel, 7.50.

Extra flour, roller mills, per barrel, 7.50.

Extra mess beef, per barrel, 13.00.

Extra mess pork, per barrel, 11.00.

Ground lard, per pound, 11 cents.

Ground pork, per pound, 16 cents.

Breakfast bacon, per pound, 14 cents.

Pickled pigs feet, per pound, 1 cent.

Cheese, per pound, 10 cents.

Meat pork, per pound, 0 cents.

Extra mess beef, per pound, 7 cents.

Butter, per pound, 18 to 20 cents.

Choice dairy butter, per pound, 25 cents.

Fresh eggs, per dozen, 30 cents.

Crab apples, per pound, 35 to 38 cents.

Meat, ground, per pound, 10 cents.

Flint's Golden Rio, per pound, 25 cents.

Teas & Aromatic, per pound, 10 cents.

Teas, per pound, 10 to 12 cents.

Sugar, Extra C, per pound, 8 to 10 cents.

Sugar, Extra B, per pound, 7 to 9 cents.

Sugar, powdered, per pound, 10 cents.

Salt, water white, per gallon, 20 cents.

Peas, dried, per pound, 30 cents.

Peas, green, per bushel, 20 cents.

Peas, maple, per gallon, 10 cents.

Peas, split, per pound, 70 cents.

Molasses, per gallon, 4 cents.

One week from to-day will be St. Valentine's Day.

A fine lot of ladies' slippers just received at J. M. Finn's.

Mrs. F. D. Robinson held the lucky number that drew the lace handkerchief.

M. J. Cohn is in attendance at the circuit court of Iosco county, at Tawas City.

J. O. Hadley, Esq., has been on the sick-list for the past week, but is now convalescent.

Miss Sewell, of Mrs. Cheney, passed the Sabbath in this city, a guest of her sister, Mrs. Jas. K. Bates.

A big-sleigh load-of-grain came up from Mr. Hildreth's farm in Center Plains to be ground on Tuesday.

The finest prices on sugars and teas north of Bay City at J. M. Finn's.

The remodeling of the court room is complete and will add greatly to the comfort and convenience of the bar.

Mr. Charles Harriet has returned from his visit to Shiawassee county.—He reports quiet business and hard times.

Misses Cora and Kate Traver, of Grayling, were guests of ye local and family over Sunday.—Otsego County Herald.

About ten thousand dollars taxes were paid in this township and three thousand returned, the latter almost entirely non-resident.

L. Dempsey, lumberman, of Manistee, registered at the Grayling House, on his way to M. Gallagher's camp, looking after their logging business.

Some of Sutherland's choice roll butter just received at J. M. Finn's.

R. S. Babbitt deserted the city for a few days, and it was a query, whether he was strayed or stolen, but was finally decided that he was at Bay City on business.

About half a hundred of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. N. Mickelson gathered at their residence last Monday evening and gave them a pleasant surprise.—Everyone seemed glad they were there.

Arthur Rose, the lumberman who assaulted Mr. Wild last week, was arrested, plead guilty, and paid fine and costs to the tune of about twelve dollars and a half.

The programme for the masquerade will be changed in one particular for the benefit of spectators. Masks will take partners for a march, and masks will be removed in the opera house before going to supper.

Save money by buying those on breakables and fire-proof lamp chimneys at J. M. Finn's.

If anyone imagines this is not to become a farming country let him visit Mr. Fauble's place in Grove. His fine herd of cattle, and barns well filled with clover, tells a story of prosperity better than words.

The literary entertainment at the opera house last Friday evening was more largely attended than usual, showing an increased interest. The next one will be next week Friday evening, when a full programme will be given.

It is rumored that the late Vanderbilt Independent has been purchased by Gaylord parties and will be brought to this place for publication. A competition is the life of trade, we can stand it if the other paper can.—Ossipee County Herald.

Ladies, don't forget that J. M. Finn has the finest line of shoes in Northern Michigan.

The second quarterly meeting of the M. E. church will be held on Monday evening, Feb. 11th, next. Preaching in the evening at 7 o'clock by Preaching Elder Davis, after which the Lord's Supper will be administered. The Elder expects to be with us the remaining part of the week. Let each one that can, attend, and give the Elder a good congregation.

"Word of Mouth" card at C. E. Strunk's News Depot.

Mrs. A. Freeman, of Topinabee, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. M. Doyle returned last week from her visit to friends in Kalamazoo county.

The Grayling Social Club will give a public dance at the hall to-morrow evening. Dance tickets, 50 cents.

Crossman's Dime Concert, warranted to meet and hold earthen, chin, glass, and other wares, for sale at C. E. Strunk's News Depot.

The best washing machine in the world for sale at Traver's furniture rooms. Saves more than half the labor, and a boy 12 years old can do all that is required. In six months will save clothes enough to pay for itself. Will wash anything from a bed tick to a rag carpet. Sold only after a satisfactory trial.

Mr. L. Sands, of Manistee, was in town on Friday, on his way to Salling, Hanson & Co.'s camp in town 25 1/2 miles, where about 100,000 feet of logs per day are being put in for him. Salling, Hanson & Co. have sold Mr. Sands about 15,000,000 feet of logs a year for the past five years, and have contracts now for eighteen months ahead.

We acknowledge the receipt of an invitation to attend a grand masquerade ball at the Grayling opera house, Feb. 22, 1884. The invitations were issued from the job office of the Grayling Avalanche, and show good mechanical skill and taste in composition and design, and are befitting to any office.—Otsego County Herald.

We again invite the people of Crawford county to call at our old stand and satisfy themselves that our prices are low on all kinds of goods. Our motto is, "Large sales and small profits." We have no favorite customers; we can assure you that rich or poor you will all be treated alike. Our line of cheap goods, dry goods and clothing and boots and shoes, is not yet exhausted. We shall continue to sell at 75 cents on the dollar until further notice. Yours truly,

SALLING, HANSON & CO.

Any one who may wish to subscribe for any paper (political, religious, or story) or magazine, published in the United States or any foreign country, can save themselves the time, postage, and other expenses, by doing so through the local agency of C. E. Strunk, who receives subscriptions at publishers' lowest prices, there being stated above saving you time, postage, postal note, etc.—Call at his Novelty Store and get classified list of all papers and magazines, with prices, etc. Subscriptions sent in to headquarters every Wednesday.

List of petit juries for the February term of circuit court for the county of Crawford.

Lather Smith, Grove; Joseph Edgcumbe, Grayling; Amos Cummins, Ball; H. S. Belden, South Branch; Freeman Ensign, Frederic; Millet F. Smith, Maple Forest; J. B. Woolburn, Center Plains; George Fauble, Grove; D. W. Hanna, Beaver Creek; A. S. Bock, Maple Forest; Wm. J. Wilcox, Karl A. Wilson, H. E. Moon, Center Plains; Arthur Rose, Beaver Creek; Theo. Walker, Grove; Jos. Scott, Ball; M. Osterander, Beaver Creek; Theo. Webb, Frederic; Frank Johnson, Grove; Wm. Malco, Frederic; P. M. Host, L. K. Sheib, Maple Forest; M. S. Hartwick, Grayling; A. J. Love, Center Plains.

Lovett's Illustrated Catalogue of Trees and plants for Spring of 1884 has just come to our table and is beyond question the most interesting instructive Nursery Catalogue we have yet seen. It is richly illustrated, elegantly printed, and replete with valuable information on the care and treatment of Trees and Plants. By honesty and enterprise Mr. Lovett has established an enormous business, shipping plants to every State. He makes a specialty of Small Fruits, and is widely known as the introducer of the Cithibour Raspberry and Manchester Strawberry, and is now disseminating the celebrated Hansell Raspberry, Early Harvest Blackberry and Jessica Grape, (the earliest varieties of their respective classes), and advancing the culture of edible nuts; all of which are fully described and illustrated in his elegant catalogue, which will be mailed free of charge; and for 4 cents will also include beautiful colored plates (which price is not half their cost). Address, J. T. Lovett, Little Silver, New Jersey.

The Art Amateur for February contains a striking fine ideal portrait for oil painting, said to greatly resemble the famous American beauty, Miss Chamberlain. Other designs are a child's head, snowballs and hepaticas for china painting; doilies and a portfolio cover for embroidery; marigolds for wood-carving, and some charming figures for Valentine cards and sketching on them. Ulysse Buttin, a capital French painter of fisherman, receives biographical notice, and some interesting samples of his work are given. Special attractive features are the page of "rapid sketches" by the Kit-Kat Club and the illustrated articles on Alma-Tadema's house and Cincinnati pottery. Montezuma's "Note Book," the musical and dramatic feuilletons and Clarence Cook's criticism of the Thomas B. Clark pictures are vigorous and entertaining. The practical departments are well filled and the number fully maintains the Art Amateur's high standard of excellence. Price 35 cents; \$1 a year. Monroe Marks, Publisher, 23 Union Square, New York.

The Avalanche's enterprise, referred to last week, yet promises success. Negotiations are pending which will decide it soon.

It is reported from Fort Fred Steele, Wyoming Territory, that George E. Nichols, of this place, was wounded in a fight with a cowboy, which resulted fatally.

DIED.

At the residence of her son, Dr. W. M. Woodworth, Friday, Feb. 1, 1884, after but four days' illness, of pneumonia, Hulda Woodworth, aged 96 years.

Mrs. Woodworth was born in New York, Feb. 14, 1788. She has resided in Wayne county, N. Y., since 1840, until her removal here with her son a year and a half ago. She has been an active member of the M. E. church for 75 years.

"Only waiting; Peaceful old age And the voice to sing and tender Beams to catch in angel's tone Only waiting for a summons— Come, my Master, come!—Easter Bells in the holy stillness— Let the joyful song it stirs."

They now have: Oh, bliss! Oh, rapture! See the Savior bids thee come! On the shining golden stairway Voices whisper, "Welcome home!" Free from every care and pain. In the bright, eternal city, Old age did not wait to vain."

—O—

GRAND—

MASQUERADE—

BALL!

—O—

GRAND—

MASQUERADE—